

Total population: 4.8m

Life expectancy: 82.0 (2017)

Source: World Bank

Income group: High income

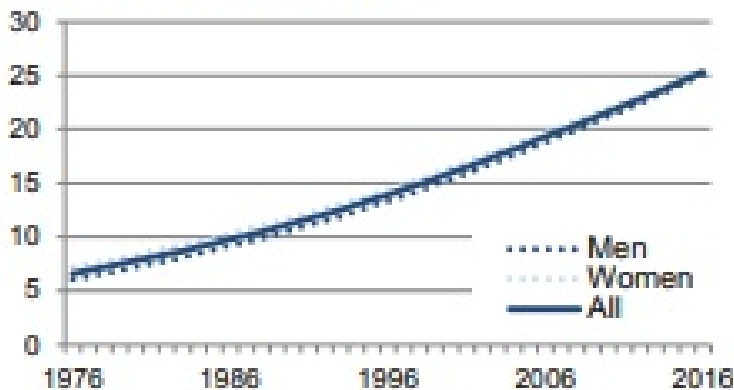
GDP spent on health: 7.4% (2016)

OBESITY PREVALENCE

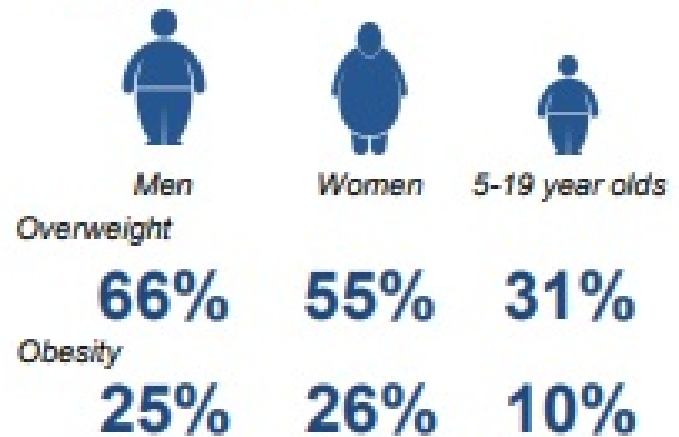
Source: WHO Global Health Observatory

Obesity prevalence trend

% of the population with BMI>30



Current prevalence



BURDEN OF OVERWEIGHT AND OBESITY

Source: OECD SPHeP-NCDs model

Overweight-attributable reduction in life expectancy
Years, average over 2020-2050



2.5

Reduction in life expectancy compared to other countries



Overweight-attributable health cost
Percentage of per capita total, average over 2020-2050



9.0

Percentage of health cost compared to other countries



Overweight-attributable labour market cost
EUR per capita, average over 2020-2050



1161

Per capita labour market cost compared to other countries



Overweight-attributable increase in tax burden
EUR per capita, average over 2020-2050



761

Per capita tax compared to other countries



lowest*

highest

Overweight-attributable cases of disease

Thousands of cases / % of total cases, total over 2020 to 2050

Disease	Thousands of cases	% of total cases
CVDs	454	25%
Diabetes	230	77%
Dementia	73	19%
Cancers	60	16%

Effective reduction in workforce due to overweight

Equivalent of full-time workers, average over 2020-2050

61,120

- 43% Presenteeism
- 35% Unemployment
- 20% Absenteeism
- 2% Early retirement

Macroeconomic impact of overweight

Average over 2020-2050

3.2%

Lower GDP due to overweight

0.8

Percentage point increase in the average tax rate needed to cover the impact of overweight

* 1 being the decile of countries with the lowest rates and 10 the highest; monetary values compared using USDppp; countries used for comparison can be found at <http://oe.cd/obesity2019>