IRISH COLLEGE OF GENERAL PRACTITIONERS

Quality & Safety in Practice Committee





QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE SUMMARY

Practical use of Direct Oral Anticoagulants (DOACs) in Atrial Fibrillation in General Practice



AUTHORS

Dr Joe Gallagher

Dr Ciarán Brady

IRISH COLLEGE OF GENERAL PRACTITIONERS

Quality & Safety in Practice Committee





QUICK REFERENCE GUIDE SUMMARY

Practical use of Direct Oral Anticoagulants (DOACs) in Atrial Fibrillation in General Practice

Summary •

- There is no longer a requirement to apply for approval for any DOAC from the HSE.
- Keele University has a decision support tool for prescribing of DOACs <u>here</u>.
- A creatinine clearance calculator using the Cockcroft Gault formula is available <u>here</u>.
- The American College of Cardiology has a decision support tool which also calculates creatinine clearance <u>here</u>.
- The Summary of Product Characteristics for the drugs can be obtained on www.medicines.ie and should be referred to for the most up-to-date information.
- Before prescribing a DOAC it is important to consider
 - 1. Indication for anticoagulation
 - 2. Duration of anticoagulation
 - 3. Type and dose of anticoagulation
 - 4. Whether a proton pump inhibitor is needed
 - **5.** Baseline haemoglobin, renal and liver function
 - 6. Patient anticoagulation card and education
 - **7.** Possible medication interactions
 - 8. Timing of follow-up
- A card that can be carried by patients is available at www.DOACforAF.eu.
- A DOAC is preferred over warfarin (unless contra-indicated) for stroke prevention in atrial fibrillation by both European and American guidelines. DOACs are contra-indicated in valvular atrial fibrillation (patients with mechanical valves or moderate to severe mitral stenosis).
- Apixaban is considered the DOAC of choice by the HSE Medicines Management Programme.



SUMMARY – Practical use of Direct Oral Anticoagulants (DOACs) in Atrial Fibrillation in General Practice

TABLE 1. Dosing of DOAC in atrial fibrillation

	STANDARD DOSE	REDUCED DOSE	EFFECT OF RENAL FUNCTION
Apixaban	5mg BD	2.5mg BD (if any two of weight <60kg, creatinine >133umol/l or age >80 years)	Contra indicated if creatine clearance <15ml/min
Dabigatran	150mg BD	110mg BD (consider if >80 years, >75 years with a high bleeding risk, creatinine clearance 30- 50ml/min with high bleeding risk or taking verapamil)	Contra indicated if creatine clearance <30ml/min
Edoxaban	60mg OD	30mg OD (if weight <60kg, creatinine clearance <50ml/min, or concomitant therapy with strong P-gp inhibitor)	Contra indicated if creatine clearance <15ml/min reduced effect if creatinine clearance >95ml/min
Rivaroxaban	20mg OD	15mg OD (if creatinine clearance <50ml/min)	Contra indicated if creatinine clearance <15ml/min

What to check at follow up

- Check for thromboembolic and bleeding events
- Assess adherence
- Check for side effects
- Check for possible drug interactions and over-the-counter medicines
- Assess correct DOAC dosing
- Decide if blood tests required
- Assess modifiable risk factors and manage as appropriate e.g. hypertension